

## Topic 10 – Relative Masses and Percentage Composition

Learning outcome:

- (a) define **relative atomic mass**,  $A_r$
- (b) define **relative molecular mass**,  $M_r$ , and **calculate** relative molecular mass (and relative formula mass) as the sum of relative atomic masses
- (c) **calculate the percentage mass of an element** in a compound when given appropriate information

### 10.1 Relative Masses (9.1 – 9.2)

#### Relative atomic mass

The masses of atoms are very small and are not easy to use for calculation. To simplify calculations, we compare the masses of atoms.

Atom	Mass / g
Hydrogen (H)	$1.67 \times 10^{-24}$
Carbon (C)	$1.99 \times 10^{-23}$

#### **Relative atomic mass** ( $A_r$ )

Average mass of one atom of the element when compared to  $\frac{1}{12}$  the mass of one carbon-12 atom

Formula:

$$\text{Relative atomic mass } (A_r) \text{ of an atom} = \frac{\text{average mass of one atom of the element}}{\frac{1}{12} \text{ mass of an atom of carbon-12}}$$

$A_r$  of an element

- is not the mass of the atom
- has **no units** as it is a relative mass
- can be obtained from the Periodic Table

$A_r$  is a **weighed average value**

→ each element likely has different isotopes with different relative atomic masses

#### Relative molecular mass

#### **Relative molecular mass** ( $M_r$ )

Average mass of one molecule of the element / compound when compared to  $\frac{1}{12}$  the mass of one carbon-12 atom

$A_r$  of an element

- is not the mass of the atom
- has **no units** as it is a relative mass
- **sum of  $A_r$**  of all atoms in the molecule

Formula:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Relative molecular mass } (M_r) \text{ of a molecular substance} \\ &= \frac{\text{average mass of one molecule of the element / compound}}{\frac{1}{12} \text{ mass of an atom of carbon-12}} \end{aligned}$$

**Relative formula mass** ( $M_r$ ) – ionic compounds

## 10.2 Percentage Composition (9.4)

Formula:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Percentage by mass of an element in a compound} \\ &= \frac{\text{number of atoms of the element in the formula} \times A_r \text{ of the element}}{M_r \text{ of the compound}} \times 100\% \end{aligned}$$

Points to take note in calculation:

- Statements with workings for clarity of steps
- Units
- Significant figures – 3 s.f.